

Russia Allows Criminal Defendants to Fight in Ukraine

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Russian servicemen. Vladimir Smirnov / TASS

President Vladimir Putin on Wednesday <u>signed</u> laws to allow defendants in criminal cases to sign military contracts and be deployed to fight in Ukraine, expanding the pool of potential recruits for Russia's two-and-a-half-year war.

Under the new amendments, defendants who sign military contracts can have their criminal cases suspended at the request of a military unit — or have their prosecution terminated altogether.

These soldiers' criminal records can be expunged if they are presented with state awards for their conduct on the battlefield.

The list of pardonable crimes does not include serious felonies like treason, espionage, terrorism and sex crimes.

In March, Russia passed similar amendments permitting the recruitment of convicted

prisoners and detainees whose cases have not yet been submitted to court.

"The change is being made due to the fact that current legislation does not allow military contracts to be concluded with defendants if their case is in court," the lower-house State Duma said after it adopted the amendments last month.

The amendments "will expand the pool of contract servicemen for our Armed Forces," said lawmaker Andrei Kartapolov, chair of the State Duma's Defense Committee.

The investigative outlet IStories cited an anonymous source in the Defense Ministry as saying that Russia <u>plans</u> to recruit approximately 40% of the country's 60,000 criminal defendants for the war.

The practice of recruiting prisoners for the war in Ukraine was initially spearheaded by the Wagner mercenary group in 2022 before the Defense Ministry took over prison recruitment early last year.

These prisoners are reported to have suffered some of the most severe losses among Russian forces in Ukraine.

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