

# After Sochi, Russia Runs the Show in Syria

**The Putin-Erdogan deal creates a new reality in which Russia, in effect, becomes the security provider for both the Turks and the Kurds.**

By [Alexei Khlebnikov](#)

October 23, 2019



Kremlin.ru

After almost six hours of intense talks in Sochi, Russian President Vladimir Putin and his Turkish counterpart Recep Tayyip Erdogan struck an agreement on the fate of northeast Syria. The deal came on the heels of the U.S.-Turkey ceasefire deal struck on Oct. 17 which was used as a temporary step to create a new status quo in the region.

The new Russia-Turkey arrangement lays a good groundwork for the final settlement of the conflict in northeast Syria. This is not to say there aren't going to be obstacles going forward, but the agreement has created a realistic path.

The plan envisages withdrawing of all Kurdish People's Protection (YPG) fighters and their weapons to the depth of 32 kilometers from the Turkish-Syrian border, which should be finalized in 150 hours. As of today, Russian military police and Syrian government border guards will oversee the withdrawal of YPG forces and weapons to beyond 30 kilometers of the Turkish border.

After that, joint Russia-Turkey forces will patrol the area within 10 kilometers of the Syria-Turkey border.

After the talks with Erdogan, Putin [phoned](#) Assad to tell him about the agreement and its details. The Syrian president expressed his full support for the agreement and his readiness to implement it.

### **A win-win**

Putin and Erdogan managed to strike a deal that takes into account both countries' interests.

It is safe to say that they got what they wanted out of the meeting. Turkey received guarantees from Russia and Damascus that Kurdish forces will be removed from its border. It also received the right to monitor a 10 kilometers zone south of the Syrian border together with the Russian military police, creating a safe-zone — something Erdogan has wanted for years.

### **Related article: [Russian Helicopters Land in Abandoned U.S. Base in Syria](#)**

Russia, for its part, secured the deployment of Syrian troops in the country's northeast, which restores Damascus's control over a large swath of territory. It also means Erdogan de facto now recognizes Assad's regime

Moscow also managed to curb Ankara's appetite for Syrian territory to an area 10 kilometers deep and 150 kilometers long, which largely resolves Russian concerns about Syrian territorial integrity.

### **The new reality on the ground**

The Putin-Erdogan deal creates a new reality on the ground where Russia, in effect, becomes a security provider for both the Turks and the Kurds.

Moscow increased its role in northeast Syria without a bullet being shot and now has a good chance of helping to relaunch Ankara-Damascus talks in the near future. Without such negotiations the final agreement on northeast Syria is impossible.

The temporary freeze of the situation on the ground in northeast Syria with the establishment of the Turkish safe zone and joint Russian-Turkish patrols might bring new opportunities for the Kremlin. Idlib and the northeast safe zone can become quid pro quo in future Russia-Turkey talks.

It is to be expected that the Kremlin will soon ask Ankara to completely leave northeast Syria. Once Kurdish withdrawal and disarmament are completed, there will be no need for Turkey to stay in Syria, and Moscow will surely push this narrative in order to restore Syrian

territorial integrity.

## **Remaining challenges**

Although the new Russia-Turkey deal on Syria definitely gives Moscow an upper hand, it also adds more responsibilities, burdens and risks.

First of all, U.S. forces are not leaving Syria completely. Donald Trump [decided](#) to leave about 200 troops to protect Kurdish-held oil and gas fields from ISIS, Russia, Syria and Iran.

Remaining U.S. troops might well play a spoiler role in keeping Moscow and Damascus from a complete takeover of northeast Syria and getting access to the desired oil and gas fields. In addition, we can never be sure that Trump won't suddenly decide to redeploy his forces back into Syria.

Secondly, Damascus and the Kurds still have to negotiate the final political agreement which is not going to be an easy task, and it is going to be Russia's job to make them strike a deal. Third, Russia will need to launch Ankara-Damascus talks, which will also be extremely difficult.

Although Turkey understands that the Syrian crisis needs to be settled, it is still not excited about the prospect of negotiating with Assad. The following weeks and months will demonstrate if the agreement is implemented successfully, and whether Russia uses its upper hand to address the remaining issues.

*Islamic State is a terrorist organization banned in Russia.*

*The views expressed in opinion pieces do not necessarily reflect the position of The Moscow Times.*

Original url:

<https://www.themoscowtimes.com/2019/10/23/after-sochi-russia-runs-the-show-in-syria-a67878>