

Chernobyl-Made Vodka to Hit British Shelves

August 09, 2019



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British scientists have made vodka from crops in an abandoned area surrounding the Chernobyl nuclear power plant, the location of the world's worst nuclear disaster in 1986, in an effort to reclaim the radioactive region.

The first and only bottle of Atomik was distilled using grain and water taken from Chernobyl's exclusion zone, an area of 2,600 square kilometers where parts of land exceed radioactive contamination standards. The artisan vodka results from three years of research by the University of Portsmouth and its Ukrainian colleagues on the transfer of radioactivity to crops grown at the exclusion zone.

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Still up? Fancy a tipple? Atomik is an "artisanal vodka" made by scientists from rye

grown IN the <u>#Chernobyl</u> exclusion zone! I had a taste (thanks, <u>@ProfJimTSmith</u>) Its origin story on <u>#bbcnewsten</u> tonight <u>@BBCOne</u>. (Thanks <u>@barswift</u> for the Atomik cocktails!) <u>pic.twitter.com/cRZKQZM73K</u>

— Victoria Gill 🛛 🕰 (@Vic_Gill) <u>August 7, 2019</u>

They reassured that Atomik is radiation-free 33 years after the nuclear accident due to the distilling process.

"The team found some radioactivity in the grain," the university <u>said</u> in a press release Thursday.

"But, because distilling reduces any impurities in the original grain, the only radioactivity the researchers could detect in the alcohol is... the same level you would expect in any spirit drink."

The scientists now plan to sell Atomik under a social enterprise called "The Chernobyl Spirit Company" and donate 75% of the profits to Ukrainians living in and around the exclusion zone. The company "is hoping to begin small-scale experimental production of 'Atomik' grain spirit sometime this year."

Related article: <u>Remembering the Chernobyl Nuclear Disaster</u>, <u>33 Years Later</u>

"Many thousands of people are still living in the Zone of Obligatory Resettlement where new investment and use of agricultural land is still forbidden," environmental science professor and project leader Jim Smith said.

Smith maintained that the exclusion zone should remain a de-facto wildlife reserve but that crops could be grown in parts where "radiation isn't now a significant health risk."

Oleg Nasvit, a senior official with the Ukrainian government's exclusion zone management agency, welcomed the scientists' efforts to help local communities.

"It is important that we do everything we can to support the restoration of normal life in these areas whilst always putting safety first," Nasvit said.

As for the radioactive-free vodka's taste, Nasvit compared Atomik to "high-quality moonshine" that "has the flavor of the grain from our original Ukrainian distillation methods."

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