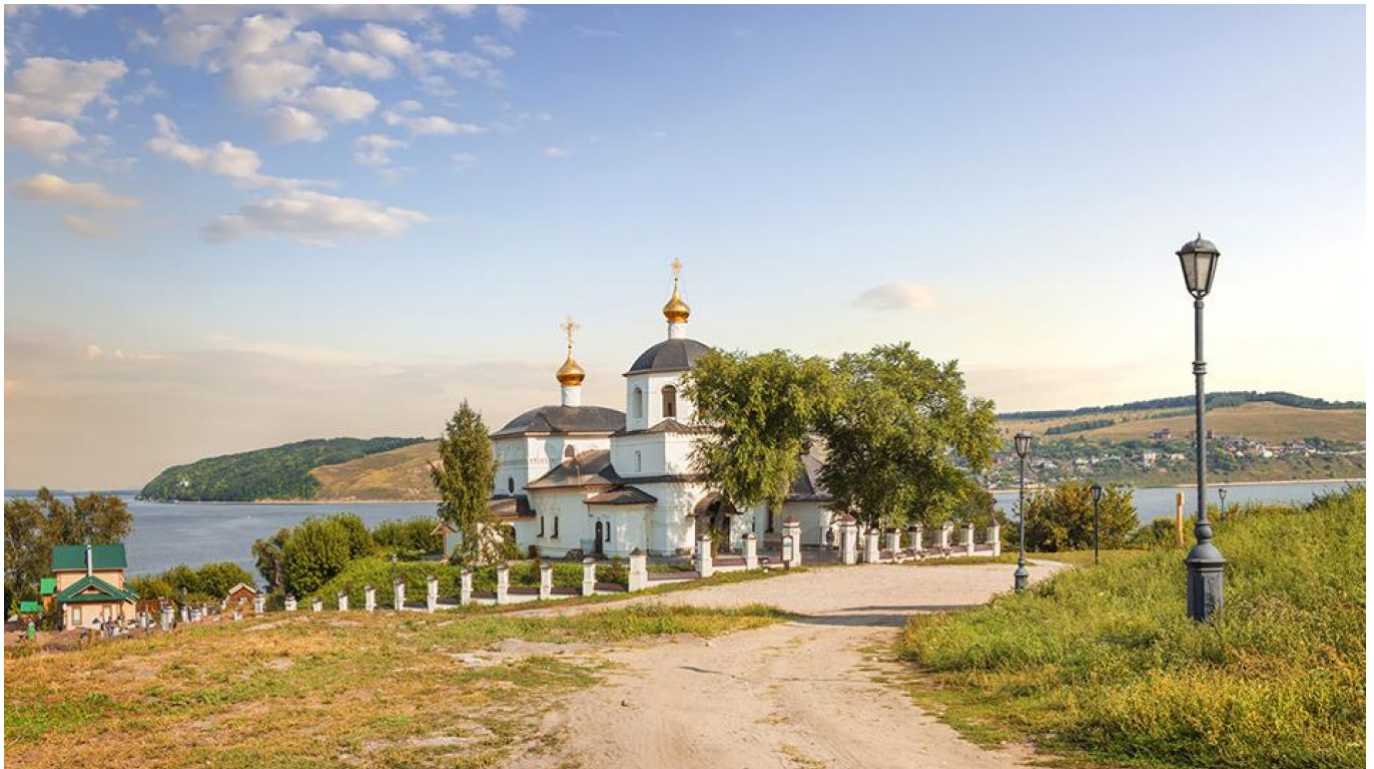


Fun Day Trips to Take From Kazan

June 01, 2018



Sviyazhsk / Legion-Media

Want to get out of the city and explore more of the surrounding region? We've got the perfect spots for you.

Sviyazhsk

Sviyazhsk, just 58 kilometers from Kazan, is an ideal day trip. The best and most picturesque way to get there is on a boat called an omik, and it only takes an hour and a half to get to the place. Formerly a military fortress in the war between Russia and the Kazan Khanate, today it's a quiet museum town with 16th and 17th century churches and monasteries.

Sviyazhsk was founded in 1551 by Ivan the Terrible as the launching ground for the siege of the Kazan Khanate capital. Wood for the fortress was cut near Uglich and rafted down the Volga river. The fortress at the top of the hill went up in a matter of mere days; Kazan fell a few months later.

Sviyazhsk is also considered the place where the "Red Terror" started in earnest during the

Civil War, where Leon Trotsky ordered every tenth Red Army soldier executed for failing to defend Kazan against Czech soldiers on the side of the White Army.

Sviyazhsk wasn't always an island city. Construction of the Kuybyshev hydroelectric plant in the middle of the 20th century led to the creation of a large water reservoir, which separated Sviyazhsk from the shore. In 2008, a dam was built, and today it's much easier to reach the island.

There are two medieval monasteries in Sviyazhsk — John the Baptist and Uspensky (Assumption) — but both have only partially survived. After the October Revolution in 1917, Uspensky first became a prison and then a mental hospital. The Assumption Cathedral in Uspensky has been reconstructed and is one of the main attractions of the island city. St. Nicholas Church, which was also part of Uspensky Monastery and built in the 16th century, also survives. The wooden Church of the Holy Trinity, which was once part of the John the Baptist monastery, is probably the most authentic sight, also constructed in the 16th century.

The largest church on the island is the Cathedral of the Icon of the Virgin, “Joy of All Who Grieve.” Built in 1898-1906 in the neo-Byzantine style, it's one of the sights visible from the river when you approach Sviyazhsk by boat. Tourists can also visit stable yards, craft villages and historical reconstruction sites.

OPEN *Tues. to Thurs. and Sun. from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m.,*

Fri. and Sat. from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m.

TICKETS from 500 rubles

Boat leaves from Kazan river port (Ulitsa Devyatayeva, 1) at 8:20 a.m. You can also take the commuter train to Sviyazhsk station and then the bus. ostrovgrad.org

Bolgar

Bolgar is a small town located 191 kilometers from Kazan; it is best reached by boat or car (taxi or a rental). Bolgar was built in the 1950s (first called Kuybyshev) near the site of ancient Bolgar or Great Bolgar, which was founded in the 10th century and at one point was the main city of Volga Bulgaria.

The site of ancient Bolgar has been added to UNESCO's World Heritage List and all the main sights have been restored. Bolgar boasts the world's largest Koran, as well as a 16-meter-high minaret that's ironically called the Small Minaret (climb to get a good view of the ancient Bolgar site), built in the 12th century. There's a khan's mausoleum right next to it.

The main Congregational Mosque has also been restored, complete with the Tall Minaret. The original building dates back to the 13th century. The 14th century Northern Mausoleum is located right next to it. There are also several ruins in the area; they are the vestiges of palaces and baths that you can explore on foot.

"If you're visiting Kazan with children, be sure to visit the camel farm in Bolgar."

Bolgar's largest landmark is the newly built White Mosque, which has been nicknamed the "Tatar Taj Mahal." There's also a Museum of Bread, which provides total immersion into the life of a Tatar village at the turn of the 20th century, as well as a brand new museum devoted to the life of the nobility of the Spassky district, where Bolgar is located.

If archeology and history are not your thing, you can visit the camel farm and try some camel milk.

Great Bolgar Museum

OPEN *Mon. to Fri. 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.,*

weekends 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.

TICKETS 50 rubles

Ulitsa Nazarovikh, 67

Museum of Bread

OPEN *daily from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.*

Ulitsa Lenina, 1a muzeji-hleba.ru

Camel Farm

OPEN *daily*

TICKETS 150 rubles

Ulitsa Bauman, 60 laidoya.ru

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