

Russia's Top 4 Business Stories This Week

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1. New U.S. sanctions could bring down the ruble in 2018

What happened

The extension of U.S. sanctions on Russian sovereign debt is a “black swan” for the Russian economy in 2018, Bank of America Merrill Lynch [said](#) in a Thursday report.

Analysts said the likelihood of the sanctions being extended is low, but if imposed, foreign investors could dump large stakes in the Russian market and the ruble could depreciate dramatically — similar to the events of December 2014, when the ruble [lost](#) almost 30 percent of its value in just 10 days.

Why the world should care

For the first time since 2014, Western sanctions could deal a severe blow to the Russian economy.

The country has coped with sanctions relatively well until now, but another hit to the national currency would hurt the average Russian and could undermine popular support for the Kremlin.

2. Jailed Russian hacker claims responsibility for U.S. election cyber-attacks

What happened

A Russian hacker charged with breaking into bank accounts has [claimed](#) in court that he was directed by the Federal Security Service (FSB) to hack into DNC servers and Hillary Clinton's campaign emails during the U.S. elections last year, the Bell has learned.

The hacker's testimony, written in jail, is unproven and could be part of an attempt to avoid a prison term.

Why the world should care

Konstantin Kozlovsky's testimony is the second Russian account of the cyber-attacks on the U.S. 2016 election. Earlier, the Bell [reported](#) that a treason case against top FSB officials might have involved the leaking of information on hacking to U.S. intelligence.

3. Russian Billionaire Probed for Tax Evasion Invested in Snap

What happened

Russian lawmaker and billionaire Suleiman Kerimov [invested](#) in Snap, the developer of the Snapchat messaging app, just before its \$18 billion IPO which upset the market.

Kerimov reportedly invested \$200 million. One of Russia's richest people, worth \$6.3 billion, Kerimov is now under investigation in France, having been [accused](#) of tax fraud and laundering up to €750 million, part of which investigators say he brought to Nice in suitcases.

Why the world should care

Kerimov is not the only Russian billionaire investor in Silicon Valley. Russia's fifth wealthiest man Alisher Usmanov ([worth](#) an estimated \$15.5 billion) [was](#) an early investor in Facebook after buying a 10-percent share in 2009 together with venture capitalist Yury Milner.

Other Russian Silicon Valley investors include the owner of a major Russian port, Ziyavudin Magomedov, also an [investor and chairman](#) at Hyperloop One. and the former owner of Russia's largest beverage company [Gavriil Yushvayev](#), who has shares in Lyft.

4. Opposition candidates are into the 2018 presidential campaign

What happened

As the Federation Council is set to kick off the presidential election campaign on Friday, opposition candidates are increasingly finding themselves in the spotlight

- [Ksenia Sobchak](#), the reality television star, socialite and daughter of Putin's deceased mentor, had three appearances on state TV this week. Her most recent was at Putin's annual press conference, where Sobchak asked why the authorities won't let her rival opposition candidate Alexei Navalny run for president.

Putin [avoided](#) giving a direct answer, saying that "the absolute majority of Russians don't want any part of this."

- A day before Putin's conference, Navalny released a detailed campaign platform.

The candidate wants to triple the minimum wage, cut taxes for small businesses and introduce a luxury tax and a new "oligarch tax" on state resources privatized in the 1990s. The program would cost \$130 billion, which Navalny says he will fund by clamping down on corrupt government purchases.

Why the world should care

There is little doubt that Putin will win the 2018 election. Sobchak is widely seen as a candidate who the Kremlin relies on to split support for Navalny, who is unlikely to be allowed to run.

But the 2018-2024 presidency is likely to be Putin's last term. And both Sobchak and Navalny are trying build up momentum.

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