

Ukraine Readies Pipeline Management Reform

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Yanukovich said after meeting with the tandem Saturday that Ukraine had a “certain worry” over energy issues. **Sergei Karpukhin**

Ukraine's proposal for Gazprom and European Union companies to play a role in managing its natural gas pipelines could enter the spotlight again when EU Energy Commissioner Günther Oettinger arrives in Kiev for talks this week.

In addition to meeting with officials, Oettinger is scheduled to attend a conference Thursday on upgrading the pipelines.

Setting the stage for the visit, the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development said Friday that it was ready to extend a loan of \$150 million to Ukraine's national energy company Naftogaz next year for the upgrade to commence.

The decision will hinge on the government's progress in dividing Naftogaz into separate

production and transportation companies, said Andre Kuusvek, EBRD country director for Ukraine, Interfax reported. Another \$150 million for the upgrade could come from the European Investment Bank, he said.

It appears that Gazprom's future policy for Ukraine is also a factor. The country's pipelines mostly carry Russian gas — for domestic use and transit — and Gazprom's commitment to continue these shipments would be an important reason for any major investment.

In an effort to win this commitment, Ukrainian President Viktor Yanukovich last year threw his weight behind the idea that Gazprom, Naftogaz and EU energy companies form a consortium to run the pipelines. The plan has moved to the back burner after Russia offered to merge Gazprom and Naftogaz, a proposal that did not fly either.

Gazprom's involvement in managing the Ukrainian pipeline could also reduce the risk of a breakdown in supplying Europe with Russian gas, such as the most recent disruption in January 2009. Deliveries ran dry over a pricing dispute between Moscow and Kiev at the time — and they are arguing about the gas price again.

Following talks with President Dmitry Medvedev and Prime Minister Vladimir Putin in Tver on Saturday, Ukrainian President Viktor Yanukovich said his country feels a "certain worry about our energy questions," even as he is confident they will be resolved with Russia, Bloomberg reported.

A source in Ukraine's presidential administration said Oettinger would raise the gas trade and consortium issues during the talks, Kiev-based Ekonomicheskije Izvestia reported. A spokeswoman for the commissioner's office said Friday that she could not confirm this.

Yanukovich's press office referred calls to the presidential administration's European integration official, Yevgeny Perelygin, who was unavailable for comment Friday afternoon. The Energy Ministry in Moscow did not respond to a request for comment.

The ideal consortium would include Naftogaz, Gazprom and the European Investment Bank to represent the EU, said Michael Emerson, a researcher at the Center for European Policy Studies in Brussels. The EBRD could be another stakeholder, he said.

"There is the important point that the EBRD pays serious attention to assuring high corporate governance standards, which are going to be absolutely necessary here," he said by e-mail.

Europe's gas-importing companies would also be a good addition to the consortium, he said.

Gazprom should not insist on holding at least 50 percent, Emerson said.

Unable to control Ukraine's pipelines, Gazprom has pursued plans to build undersea pipelines — Nord Stream in the Baltic Sea and South Stream in the Black Sea — to link Russia with Europe directly.

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