

Gazprom Looks to India, China, Korea

June 30, 2011

The  **Moscow Times**

Gazprom is seeking sales agreements with India, China and South Korea to expand its markets, increase export volumes and ensure stable cash flow.

"These are the countries where we are now holding intense negotiations about new long-term contracts," chief executive Alexei Miller said Thursday at the gas producer's annual meeting. "It's hard to overemphasize the significance of this work."

The world's biggest gas producer signed preliminary agreements with three Indian companies for liquefied natural gas this month, while failing to reach an agreement on pipeline supplies with China National Petroleum Corp. before Chinese President Hu Jintao's visit to Russia. The company, which has sent tankers of LNG to India, China and South Korea from its Sakhalin-2 project, aims to supply 14 percent of the global market for the liquid fuel by 2030.

The expansion will boost export volumes by at least 50 percent, reducing Gazprom's dependence on Europe, its biggest market by revenue, Miller said. The company plans to continue increasing volumes to Europe, where it supplied 23 percent of demand at the end of last year, he said.

Shipments to Europe and Turkey may reach 155 billion to 158 billion cubic meters this year and export revenue will probably rise to a record, Miller said. Total exports reached \$36.6 billion in the first five months of the year, putting Gazprom on track to beat a 2008 record of \$81.6 billion, deputy chief executive Alexander Medvedev said June 20.

Export volumes have risen 26 percent in the first half of the year, or by 26.6 bcm, Miller said.

Gazprom won't make significant changes in its long-term gas supply contracts after holding talks with European consumers, Miller said.

"No radical changes in the contract system are expected or planned," Miller said. The company will maintain so-called take-or-pay clauses and a link to oil and product prices in the agreements, he said.

An 8,700-kilometer natural gas pipeline linking Turkmenistan with southern China has begun operating, helping boost supplies to that country's booming industrial zones, The Associated Press reported Thursday, citing Xinhua News Agency.

The 142.2 billion yuan (\$22 billion) pipeline passes through 15 of China's provinces to reach the Pearl River Delta region, near Hong Kong. Construction of the pipeline wrapped up earlier this month.

The gas pipeline will provide up to 30 million cubic meters of natural gas a year, helping reduce reliance on heavily polluting coal.

A cooling in Russian-Turkmen relations following a gas pipeline explosion in Turkmenistan in 2009 led to a drop in the amount of gas imported by Russia, freeing up supplies that were swiftly bought up by China.

Turkmenistan began delivering gas to China through a newly completed pipeline that year, and its gas deliveries to China are due eventually to reach 60 bcm a year — equivalent to more than half of China's entire natural gas consumption in 2010.

Original url: <https://www.themoscowtimes.com/2011/06/30/gazprom-looks-to-india-china-korea-a7962>